COUNCIL MEETING – 8 MARCH 2022

TREASURY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY STATEMENT 2022/23

1.0 Purpose of Report

1.1 To approve the Treasury Management Strategy (attached as Appendix A to the report) which incorporates the Borrowing Strategy, Investment Strategy, and Treasury Prudential Indicators, updated in accordance with latest guidance.

2.0 Background Information

2.1 Treasury Management is defined as "The management of the local authority's investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks."

2.2 Statutory Requirements:

- The Local Government Act 2003 (the Act) and supporting regulations requires the Council to 'have regard to' the CIPFA Prudential Code and the CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice and Cross-Sectoral Guidance Notes to set Treasury Prudential Indicators for the next three years to ensure that the Council's capital investment plans are affordable, prudent and sustainable.
- The Act therefore requires the Council to set out its Treasury Strategy for Borrowing and to prepare an Annual Investment Strategy (as required by Investment Guidance subsequent to the Act). This sets out the Council's policies for managing its investments and for giving priority to the security and liquidity of those investments.

2.3 CIPFA Requirements:

The primary requirements of the Code are as follows:

- The creation and maintenance of a Treasury Management Policy Statement which sets out the policies and objectives of the Council's treasury management activities;
- The creation and maintenance of Treasury Management Practices which set out the manner in which the Council will seek to achieve those policies and objectives;
- Receipt by the full Council of an annual Treasury Management Strategy Statement including the Annual Investment Strategy, a Mid-year Review Report and an Annual
 Report covering activities during the previous year;
- 2.4 CIPFA published the revised Treasury Management Code and Prudential Code on 20th December 2021 and has stated that formal adoption is not required until the 2023/24 financial year. This Council has to have regard to these codes of practice when it prepares the Treasury Management Strategy Statement and Annual Investment Strategy, and also related reports during the financial year, which are taken to Full Council for approval.

Members will be updated on how the changes will impact our current approach and any changes required will be formally adopted within the 2023/24 TMSS report.

2.5 This report seeks approval for the Treasury Management Strategy 2022/23 (Appendix A), which encompasses the Treasury Prudential Indicators, the Borrowing Strategy, and the Annual Investment Strategy, in accordance with latest guidance.

3.0 **Summary of Investment Limits and Indicators**

3.1 The Council's investment priorities will be security first, portfolio liquidity second and then yield, (return). No investment limits have been amended for the financial year 2022/23. Also, it is proposed to use the same prudential indicators for the investing activity, further details are in the Appendix.

4.0 **Summary of Borrowing Limits and Indicators**

- 4.1 The Council's borrowing limits are directly affected by the Council's approved capital programme and any capital expenditure financed by borrowing will therefore increase the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR). In respect of the tables within the documents, these reflect the proposed capital programme that will be presented elsewhere on this agenda. Where changes occur, these will be reflected in the documents as appropriate. The CFR is the level of expected borrowing and when compared to the actual external debt the variance represents the over or under borrowing position.
- 4.2 The Council is currently in an under borrowed position which means that previous capital expenditure financed by borrowing hasn't yet required actual external debt due to the timing of cash backed reserves that haven't yet been utilised. However, this is always a temporary position as ultimately when the cash backed reserves are used there will be a requirement for actual external borrowing.
- 4.3 The table below shows the Councils increasing CFR due to capital expenditure financed by borrowing less the actual external debt, with no new borrowing assumptions, less the cash backed reserves and working capital (debtors less creditors), further details are in **Appendix A.**

	2022/23 Forecast £'000	2023/24 Forecast £'000	2024/25 Forecast £'000
Loans CFR	174,685	171,958	168,042
Less: External borrowing	-90,469	-84,935	-81,901
Internal (over) borrowing	84,216	87,023	86,141
Less: Usable reserves	-37,955	-36,017	-37,048
Less: Working capital	-10,500	-10,500	-10,500
Investments (or New borrowing)	-35,761	-40,506	-38,593

The table indicates that over the next forecasted three year period there will potentially be a minimum requirement to borrow an additional £40m.

4.4 Within the borrowing strategy the following limits are proposed for the operational boundary and authorised limit over the three year period, further details in **Appendix A.**

	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Operational Boundary	180,309	177,582	173,666
Authorised Limit	187,509	184,782	180,866

5.0 <u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u> that:

- (a) the Treasury Management Strategy 2022/23, incorporating the Borrowing Strategy and the Annual Investment Strategy be approved;
- (b) the Treasury Prudential Indicators and Limits be approved; and
- (c) the Authorised Limit Treasury Prudential Indicator be approved.

Background Papers

CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice and Cross-Sectoral Guidance Notes 2011 Edition and the 2017 revised Edition CIPFA Prudential Code Local Government Act 2003 CIPFA Standard of Professional Practice on Treasury Management

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